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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/735,242	12/12/2003	Katayoon Dehesh	16518.134	2801
28381	7590	10/18/2007	EXAMINER [REDACTED]	
ARNOLD & PORTER LLP			KALLIS, RUSSELL	
ATTN: IP DOCKETING DEPT.				
555 TWELFTH STREET, N.W.			ART UNIT [REDACTED]	PAPER NUMBER 1638
WASHINGTON, DC 20004-1206				
			MAIL DATE 10/18/2007	DELIVERY MODE PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/735,242	DEHESH, KATAYOON
	Examiner Russell Kallis	Art Unit 1638

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 August 2007.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 52-56, 58-64 and 66-71 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) 52-56 and 58-64 is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 66-71 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 - 1) Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 - 2) Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 - 3) Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
- 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 52-56, 58-64, and 66-71 are pending and examined.

Specification

Objections to the specification are supported by the following remarks See Rule 1.57.

(c) "Essential material" may be incorporated by reference, but only by way of an incorporation by reference to a U.S. patent or U.S. patent application publication, which patent or patent application publication does not itself incorporate such essential material by reference. "Essential material" is material that is necessary to:

(1) Provide a written description of the claimed invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same, and set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out the invention as required by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112;

(2) Describe the claimed invention in terms that particularly point out and distinctly claim the invention as required by the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112; or

(3) Describe the structure, material, or acts that correspond to a claimed means or step for performing a specified function as required by the sixth paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112.

Amending the specification to indicate that U.S. Patent 6,660,849, which shares a related priority with WO 98/46776 to U.S. provisional 60/041,815, is the related U.S. filing of WO 98/46776 would overcome this objection.

Rejection of claims 52, 55-63 and 64 under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, are withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendments.

Rejection of Claim 52 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) is withdrawn in view of Applicants amendments.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 66-71 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Knauf *et al.* U.S. Patent 5,510,255 published April 23, 1996 in view of Kaneko T. *et al.*, DNA Research, Vol. 3, pp. 109-136, June 19, 1996 and in further view of Applicant's specification and U.S. Patent 6,660,849 to Dehesh *et al.* filed 4/11/1997. This rejection is maintained for the reasons of record set forth in the Official action mailed 1/25/2007. Applicant's arguments filed 8/02/2007 have been considered but are not deemed persuasive.

Applicant asserts that there is no suggestion or motivation in the cited references or the prior art to use KASI or KASIV sequences instead of a KAS II sequence; that the analysis provided incorporating Applicant's specification constitutes impermissible hindsight reasoning; and the Examiner has provided no evidence why one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to use the KASI and KAS IV sequences (response page 15).

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392,

170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971). In this instance Applicant has incorporated through reference KAS I and KAS IV sequences as well as a sunflower delta-9 desaturase sequence from references that teach using these sequences to modify oil in transformed plants. See U.S. Patent 6,660,849, which shares a related priority with WO 98/46776 that teaches the use of KAS I and KAS IV for modifying the saturated fatty acids in a plant. Further, KAS I and KAS IV have been characterized in transgenic plants in; 1) Leonard *et al.* The Plant Journal 1998 Mar;13(5):621-8. and; 2) Dehesh *et al.* The Plant Journal 1998 Aug; 15(3): 383-90 respectively as modifying the saturated fatty acid content in plants transformed therewith.

In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, one of ordinary skill would have recognized the utility of Knauf's teachings that KAS enzymes work with the desaturase-9 from sunflower to modify saturated fatty acids and given the knowledge in the art incorporated by reference into Applicant's specification that KAS enzymes could be combined (see '849 Patent to Dehesh *et al.* introduction columns 1 and 2; description of figures 5 and 7) it would be obvious to do so.

Furthermore, Applicant's assertion that the functionality of the *Synechocystis* KAS in a plant is evidence of non-obviousness is inconsistent with the teachings in the specification where on page 29 lines 18-23 it states that the *Synechocystis* KAS complemented an *Arabidopsis*

mutant deficient in expression of the homologous plant enzyme (see Wu *et al.* (1997) *Plant Physiology* 113(2): 347-356).

Moreover, with respect to Applicant's assertion of teachings of non-obvious results using a *synechocystis* KAS sequence; claims 67-71 are not drawn to SEQ ID NO: 1; and with respect to Claim 66; see *In re Lindner*, 173 USPQ 356 (CCPA 1972) and *In re Grasselli*, 218 USPQ 769 (Fed. Cir. 1983) which teach that the evidence of nonobviousness should be commensurate with the scope of the claims.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Claims 52-56 and 58-65 are allowed.

Claims 66-71 are rejected.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Russell Kallis whose telephone number is (571) 272-0798. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anne Marie Grunberg can be reached on (571) 272-0975. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Russell Kallis Ph.D.
October 12, 2007

RUSSELL P. KALLIS, PH.D.
PRIMARY EXAMINER

